

SETEMBRO 2014

INGLÉS

OPCIÓN A

Read the text and the instructions to the questions very carefully. Answer all the questions in English.

What you eat and the way it affects your body depend very much on the kind of person you are. For one thing, the genes you inherit from your parents can determine how your metabolism deals with particular foods. The tendency to put on weight rather easily, for example, often runs in families – which means they have to take particular care. But there are certain unhealthy eating habits which you can avoid. One of these is skipping breakfast.

Breakfast is the most important meal of the day, but when you have to rush to work or school in the mornings it's easy to neglect it. Doing so not only drains you of energy, but also makes it more likely that you will eat snacks during the day. Skipping breakfast also confuses your metabolism, causing you to burn fewer calories. So, if you are trying to lose weight, skipping breakfast is not a good idea.

"Bingeing" or eating large amounts of food in one session is another unhealthy eating habit that you should avoid. Do you tend to skip meals, then eat a lot in the next meal to compensate? Do you fill yourself with junk food during the weekend after a week of dieting? Do you often continue eating even though you are full? These are signs that you are a habitual binger. Eating several small meals in a day helps you to avoid bingeing.

If you eat while watching TV, while working, or while reading then you are also developing an unhealthy eating behavior. When you eat while doing other activities, you become unable to measure how much you eat. As a result, you tend to overeat without knowing it. You should try to have a specific time and place for eating.

Questions

1. Write a summary of the text in English, including the most important points, using your own words whenever possible (approximately 50 words, 1 point).

2. Find words or phrases in the text that correspond in meaning to the following (1 point: 0.25 each):a) get fat, b) not having, omitting c) hurry (verb) d) go on

3. Complete the second sentence of each pair so that it has the same meaning as the first one (2 points: 0.5 points each)

a) The genes you inherit from your parents can determine how your metabolism deals with particular foods.

How your metabolism deals with particular foods

b) Do you fill yourself with junk food during the weekend after a week of dieting?

The author asks the reader whether

c) Eating several small meals in a day helps you to avoid bingeing.

You can avoid bingeing if

d) You should have a specific time and place for eating.

The writer advises us

4. Answer the following questions in your own words, as far as possible. Your answer must be based on the information given in the text. (2 points: 1 point each).

a) In what ways can you try to avoid putting on weight?

b) Why is it a good thing to have a specific time and place for eating?

5. Is personal appearance important? Why? Why not? (Approximately 120 words; 3 points).



SETEMBRO 2014

INGLÉS

<u>OPCIÓN B</u>

Read the text and the instructions to the questions very carefully. Answer all the questions in English.

Holly and Lauren, from Green School, Birmingham, spoke to MalalaYousafzai and wished her happy birthday after the Youth Assembly event at the United Nations. Malala was shot in the head by Taliban gunmen while returning home on a school bus in Pakistan, but recovered almost miraculously.

Their day began early, and after a walk to the UN, they were able to meet Malala. Soon after they arrived, they piled into the Council Chamber with over 500 other young delegates and were immediately seated. They had a panoramic view of the room and were almost opposite the main speakers.

The UN Secretary General, Ban Ki-Moon, spoke of his education as a child himself: "I didn't learn the importance of education from a book, I lived it." His school experience was similar to that of many of the other young delegates in the room. What surprised them was the lack of resources he had had. Pupils today have access to specialist technology but Ban Ki-Moon began with very little. It shocked them how a man of such power began with so little.

Then Malala spoke. They were astonished at how courageous and confident she was, and how strongly she believed in rights to education for all.

Holly and Lauren's trip to New York has been a source of inspiration and excitement. They flew for the first time, met lots of interesting people from around the world and saw some sights, but most importantly they heard how going to school is vital for so many people. The highlight of the trip for both of them was meeting Malala. She was so full of confidence. And although in some ways her life is so different to theirs, in others ways it is not - she now goes to school in Birmingham!

Questions

1. Write a summary of the text in English, including the most important points, using your own words whenever possible (approximately 50 words; 1 point).

2. Find words or phrases in the text that correspond in meaning to the words and definitions given here (1 point; 0.25 each)

a) got better b) influence / strength c) brave d) most important part

3. Complete the second sentence of each pair so that it has the same meaning as the first one (2 points; 0.5 each).

a) She was shot in the head by Taliban gunmen while returning home.

While she ...

b) "I didn't learn the importance of education from a book, I lived it." he said.

He said that ...

c) His school experience was similar to that of many of the other young delegates.

Many of the other young delegates ...

d) Pupils today have access to specialist technology but Ban Ki-Moon began with very little. *Whereas pupils today*

4. Answer the following questions in your own words, as far as possible. Your answer must be based on the information given in the text (2 points; 1 point each)

a) How do you know that this event was important?

b) What do we learn about Malala's personality and interests?

5. How do you think children's education will change in the future? (Approximately 120 words; 3 points).



SETEMBRO 2014

INGLÉS

6. LISTENING TEST (1 point)

In this interview with Jane Couch, a girl who became a professional boxer, you are going to hear some new words. Read and listen to them. Make sure you know what they mean.

Take up = dedicarse a Bruises = mazaduras / magulladuras / moretones Chill out = relaxarse / relajarse Ground = terra / tierra

Here is the beginning of the interview.

Interviewer: Now it's ten o'clock and time for "Where you work". Here in the studio is Jane Couch. Jane began boxing when she was 24, after years of drinking, drugs and street fighting. She was inspired to change her life by a TV documentary about women's boxing in the US.

Here is an example of a question:0. Why did Jane take up boxing?Because she was used to drinking and fighting in the street.Because a documentary about women's rights inspired her.Because she watched a TV documentary about women's boxing in the US.

The correct answer is: Because she watched a TV documentary about women's boxing in the US.

Ready? Now read the rest of the questions/ alternative answers before listening to the interview.

(2-minute pause)

Now listen to the rest of the interview. You will hear it three times. Write the correct answer in your exam notebook (cuadernillo). WRITE THE COMPLETE ANSWER, NOT JUST A LETTER. You must not write more than one answer for each question.

(Recording)

Now you will hear the text again.

(Recording)

Now you will hear the text for the last time.

(Recording)

That is the end of the Listening test. Write your answers in your examination notebook (cuadernillo) if you have not already done so. Then you can go on with the rest of the examination.



PAU

SETEMBRO 2014

INGLÉS

QUESTIONS

1. Jane won the world championship twice and was the first professional boxer in the US. Jane won the world championship three times and was the first professional boxer in the US. Jane won the world championship three times and was the first professional boxer in the UK.

2. Jane began boxing when women weren't allowed to watch documentaries. Jane began boxing when she saw women doing that in America. Jane began boxing because women weren't allowed to box in America.

3. When she was very young she used to practise a lot of sport. When she was very young she didn't have healthy food. When she was very young the only sport she did was boxing.

4. When she first took up boxing her friends thought she was crazy. When she first took up boxing her friends encouraged her. She first took up boxing when her friends told her to do it.

5. She starts going into full time training twice or three times a week before the fight. She starts going into full time training six weeks before the fight. She starts going into full time training eight to ten weeks before the fight.

6. Jane thinks that the most important thing to win a fight is to be skilled. Jane thinks that the most important thing to win a fight is to train well, be fit and get into shape. Jane thinks that the most important thing to win a fight is being strong mentally.

7. Jane thinks that boxing is more dangerous than football or rugby or any other sport. Jane has been injured playing football and rugby. Jane thinks that football or rugby are about as dangerous as boxing.

8. She usually relaxes doing media work.She usually relaxes spending her time on the farm.She usually relaxes watching TV or listening to the radio.

9. For her the best thing about being a professional boxer is keeping fit and healthy. For her the best thing about being a professional boxer is that you can make friends. For her the best thing about being a professional boxer is winning the world title.

10. Jane thinks that enjoying her life is very important for a normal girl. Jane thinks that being well known is very important for a professional boxer. Jane thinks that she has always behaved like a normal girl.